Question Country	Are asymptomatic persons in your country tested before the end of quarantine due to a possible contact with COVID person?	If yes which test is used?	Are GPs involved in testing?	If yes which test do they use?	Are rapid (POCT) serological tests detecting COVID-antibodies used in GP surgeries?
Bulgaria	Only symptomatic patients and their relatives, if they have symptoms	PCR	No		
Denmark	No, testing is only for people with severe, moderate or mild symptoms (2 weeks ago it was only available to severe or moderate cases).	Tests are throat swab for mild symptoms. Healthcare professionals who must work at the hospital are PCR tested.	No	N/A	No, there was an option, some bought them online but they were not completely reliable and were discarded.
France	No, we don't have enough tests to test symptomatic patients and we don't have enough mask for all the population, not enough for all of health professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	No, in the 10 days?
Germany	Asymptomatic healthcare personnel is tested by PCR after 5-7 days of quarantine. If they are negative, they can go to work after 7 days. Other patients are not tested. If they are not symptomatic after 14 days, quarantine is lifted.	PCR-Test only	GPs are involved, but mainly on a voluntary basis as part of a test- center or when GPs do their shifts as part of the after-hour primary care services	PCR-Test	No, available serological tests are considered to have a bad specificity and sensitivity at the moment. We are still waiting a validated tests
Greece	No/not applicable	No/not applicable	No/not applicable	No/not applicable	No/not applicable (see comment 1)
Ireland	No - testing is only done for symptomatic patients with certain risk factors	N/A	No - GP's refer patients to testing centres run by the Public Health Specialists.	N/A	No & there is no plan to introduce this at this stage.
Israel	No - testing is only done for symptomatic patients with certain risk factors	N/A	No	N/A	No
Italy	No - testing is only done for symptomatic patients or close contact with COVID-Positive	Genetic test	No - GP's refer patients to testing centres run by the Public Health Service	N/A	No at the moment, but we are discussing about. Some GPs Units is collaborating with Research Center of Public Health in order to use it.

^{1:} Serological tests will be used in a future phase to check the immunity status so immune individuals could freely circulate/ travel or immune health professionals could face patients with no fear of contracting the infection.

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Poland	No, but there is a discussion to change this	-	No, but there is a discussion to change this	-	No, the current situation is that only chosen infectious diseases hospital departments (only 3 in Lower Silesia) are entitled to perform diagnostics.
Romania	No. It has been proposed to test a sample of 10,500 people in Bucharest in order to be able to estimate the proportion of infected persons, but this study is not yet carried out.	There is a double test proposed (rapid serology, exudate PCR technique)	No	-	No
Slovakia	yes (symptomatic patient must be tested, asymptomatic- no)	No	N/A	No	N/A
Spain	No - test is only available for symptomatic patients attended in hospitals and for symptomatic healthcare professionals	N/A	No - Test made to healthcare professionals are centralized in one PHCare centre and carry out by laboral risk assessment department	PCR Is generally used to diagnose covid at hospitals and to allow or not healthcare professionals to come back work after symptoms	No at the moment
Ukrain	Only symptomatic patients, no relatives, if they have no symptoms	PCR	No		
United Kingdom	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	No, but currently there aren't any validated reliable POCT Ab tests and also seroconversion post COVID appears to be variable.

Question Country	How do you protect primary care?	Do you have special COVID- offices as GP where you refer any suspect patient and every positive patient who needs help?	If you have GP- COVID- offices - Is it situated in the hospital ?
France	See comment 2	See comment 3	See comment 4
Ireland	all GP's have been issued PPE supplies. Patients are triaged on the telephone before allocating appointments. Most suspected Covid patients are being managed over the telephone.	Yes - these Covid Hubs are starting tomorrow all over the country. They will be staffed by GP's.	No - in new centres specially adapted. A similar system has been used in the UK with some benefit.
Israel	idem	Yes	No - in new centres specially adapted. A similar system has been used in the UK with some benefit I believe.

- 2: In my Municipality Health Center we have gloves, surgical and FFP2 masks (for 2 weeks), cap and gown and overgown for Covid patients. We are 17 GPs, 13 GP residents, 12 nurses, 24 secretaries and Md others specialities (at home except Gynaecologist, paediatrics, psychiatrist). For mask it was very hard because at the beginning we don't have enough mask. Now we have more but not enough for all health professionals.
- 3: We have 3 types of answer: Solo Practice GPs work less than usual (5 patients a day in office and more with teleconsultation for those who can) because state messages says "stay home and when you have an huge respiratory problem call the 15" (hospital regulation), " but some work as usual (20 patients in the waiting room...) and the majority see few patients a day, Covid patients at the end of the day and non Covid patients before; Coordinated structures private (Primary health house) with few GPs or public (health centres most of them from municipality) with much more GPs organise a Covid flow and a non Covid flow in different part of the structure.

 So we easily can take care of others pathologies non Covid. We can perform some PCR Covid tests a day and we are waiting for serology.
- 4: We have few "Covidrom", special places with GPs and nurses situated in gymnasium for example but they don't see a lot of patients. In my city near Paris we thing about it in the beginning but we don't organise it because the 4 structures (3 municipality health centres and 1 primary health house) are sufficient to take care of ambulatory patients. It is situated in ambulatory side, but a part of patients goes directly in emergency hospital